# HUMAN PLASMA (SOLUBLE) GELSOLIN ELISA KIT

FOR THE QUANTITATIVE DETERMINATION OF HUMAN SOLUBLE GELSOLIN CONCENTRATIONS IN SERUM AND EDTA PLASMA



THIS PROTOCOL DATA IS PROVIDED FOR DEMONSTRATION ONLY. ALWAYS REFER TO LOT SPECIFIC PROTCOL PROVIDED WITH EACH KIT FOR INSTRUCTIONS. PROTOCOL MUST BE READ BEFORE USING THIS PRODUCT.

FOR RESEARCH USE ONLY.NOT FOR USE IN DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURES.

# PRODUCT INFORMATION: THIS KIT IS FOR ONE TIME USE ONLY.

ELISA NAME	HUMAN PLASMA (SOLUBLE) GELSOLIN ELISA	
Catalog No.	SK00384-01	
Lot No.		
Formulation	96 T	
Standard range	390 - 50000 pg/mL	
Sensitivity	62.5 pg/mL	
Sample require	100 μL	
Dilution Factor	5000 ~ 10000 (Optimal dilutions should be determined by each laboratory for each application)	
Sample Type	Serum, EDTA Plasma	
Specificity	Human Soluble Gelsolin	
Calibration	Human Soluble Gelsolin Recombinant	
Intra-assay Precision	4 - 6%	
Inter-assay Precision	8 - 12%	
Storage	2 – 8° C for 1 month, see page 2-3 for detail	
This kit contains sufficient materials to run 35 samples duplicated provided that assay is run according to protocol.		

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## DESCRIPTION

This Human Plasma Gelsolin ELISA Kit contains the necessary components required for the quantitative measurement of recombinant and/or natural human Gelsolin from serum and plasma in a sandwich ELISA format.

This immunoassay contains recombinant human Gelsolin and antibodies raised against this protein. Results from this immunoassay have shown to accurately quantify recombinant and natural Gelsolin samples.

# **ASSAY OVERVIEW**

This assay employs the quantitative sandwich ELISA format. The plate is pre-coated with an antibody specific for human Gelsolin. The capture antibody can bind to the human Gelsolin in the standard and samples. After washing the plate of any unbound substances, a biotinylated antibody against human Gelsolin is added to the wells. After another washing of the plate, Streptavidin-HRP Conjugate is added. After the last wash to remove any unbound enzyme, a substrate solution (TMB) is added to the wells and color develops in direct proportion to the amount of human Gelsolin bound in the standard solutions or samples. A standard curve can be established and sample values can be read off the standard curve.

## **PROCEDURAL LIMITATIONS**

\_FOR RESEARCH USE ONLY. NOT FOR USE IN DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURES.

\_This ELISA kit should not be used beyond the expiration date on the kit label.

\_Do not mix reagents with those from other lots or sources.

\_It is important that the Dilution Buffer selected for the standard curve be consistent with the samples being assayed.

\_Each laboratory must determine the optimal dilution factors for the samples being assayed with a pretest. If samples generate values that are not within the dynamic range of the standard curve, further concentrate or dilute the samples as required with Dilution Buffer and repeat the assay.

\_Any modifications in buffers, pipetting technique, washing technique, incubation time or temperature, as well as kit age can cause a change in signal.

\_Not all interfering factors have been tested in the immunoassay, therefore the possibility of interference cannot be excluded.

## **COMPONENTS PROVIDED**

DESCRIPTION	CODE	QUANTITY
<b>Gelsolin Microplate</b> – 96 well polystyrene microplate	384-01-01	1 plate
with a purified antibody against human Gelsolin.		
<b>Gelsolin Standard</b> – refer to lot of recombinant human Gelsolin in a buffered protein base with preservative; lyophilized.	384-01-02	1 vial
<b>Detection Antibody</b> – refer to lot, 10-fold concentrate of a purified antibody biotinylated against soluble human Gelsolin with preservative; lyophilized.	384-01-03	1 vial
<b>Positive Control</b> – one vial of recombinant soluble human Gelsolin; lyophilized.	384-01-04	1 vial
Streptavidin-HRP Conjugate - 120 µl/vial, 100-fold concentrated solution of Streptavidin-HRP Conjugate.	SAHRP	1 vial
<b>Dilution Buffer</b> – 40 mL of buffered protein based solution with preservative.	Refer to lot	2 bottles
Wash Buffer - 50 mL of 10- fold concentrated buffered surfactant, with preservative.	WB01	1 bottle
TMB Substrate Solution - 11mL of TMB substrate solution.	TMB01	1 bottle
Stop Solution - 11 mL of 0.5M HCl.	S-STOP	1 bottle
Plate Sealer	EAPS	1 piece
Plastic Pouch	P01	1 piece

# STORAGE

**Unopened Kit:** Store at  $2 - 8^{\circ}$  C for up to 1month. For longer storage for up to 10 months, unopened Standard, Positive Control, Detection Antibody Concentrate and Dilution Buffer should be stored at -20° C or -70° C. Streptavidin-HRP Conjugate 100fold concentrated solution and TMB Substrate Solution can be stored only at  $2 - 8^{\circ}$  C (**DO NOT FREEZE** and **PROTECT FROM LIGHT**). Do not use kit past expiration date.

## ADDITIONAL MATERIALS REQUIRED

- Microplate reader capable of absorbance measurement at 450 nm.
- Microplate shaker (250 300 rpm).
- Microplate washer or manifold dispenser.
- 100 mL and 500 mL graduated cylinders.
- Multi-channel Pipette, Pipettes and pipette tips.
- Deionized or distilled water.

## PRECAUTION

This kit should be handled by those persons who have been trained in and can follow the principles of good laboratory practice. Wear protective clothing such as laboratory overalls, safety glasses and gloves. Care should be taken while handling solutions in this kit to avoid contact with skin or eyes, especially with the stop solution because it contains diluted hydrochloric acid. Wash immediately with water in case of contact on skin or eyes.

#### SAMPLE COLLECTION AND STORAGE

**Serum** - Use a serum separator tube (SST) and allow samples to clot for 30 minutes before centrifugation for 15 minutes at 1000 x g. Remove serum and assay immediately or aliquot and store samples at  $\leq$  -20° C. Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.

Plasma - Collect plasma using EDTA, heparin, or citrate as an anticoagulant. Centrifuge for 15 minutes at 1000 x g within 30 minutes of collection. Assay immediately or aliquot and store samples at ≤ -20° C. Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.

#### SAMPLE PREPARATION

Serum and plasma samples may require 5000 ~ 10,000 dilution. A suggested 10-fold dilution is 10  $\mu$ L sample + 90  $\mu$ L Dilution Buffer. A suggested 100-fold dilution is 10  $\mu$ L 10-fold diluted sample + 90  $\mu$ L Dilution Buffer. A suggested 5000-fold dilution is 5  $\mu$ L 100-fold diluted sample + 245  $\mu$ L Dilution Buffer. A suggested 1000-fold dilution is 10  $\mu$ L 100-fold diluted sample + 90  $\mu$ L Dilution Buffer. Finally to make a 10,000-fold dilution is 25  $\mu$ L 1000-fold diluted sample + 225  $\mu$ L Dilution Buffer. **Optimal dilutions should be determined by each laboratory for each application. Use polypropylene test tubes.** 

#### **REAGENT PREPARATION**

Bring all reagents to room temperature before use.

Wash Buffer - If crystals have formed in the concentrate, warm to room temperature and mix gently until the crystals have completely dissolved. Dilute 50 mL of Wash Buffer Concentrate into deionized or distilled water (450 mL) to prepare 500 mL of 1x Wash Buffer.

#### Gelsolin Standard - Reconstitute the Gelsolin

standard with refer to lot of Dilution Buffer. Allow the standard to sit for a minimum of 15 minutes with gentle agitation prior to making dilutions. Pipette 250  $\mu$ L of Dilution Buffer into tubes 2 to #8. Use the stock solution to produce a dilution series (below). Mix each tube thoroughly before the next transfer. The **50,000 pg/mL** standard serves as the high standard. The Dilution Buffer serves as the zero standard (0 pg/mL). **Note: Use new tube of standard for second assay.** 

TUBE	STANDARD	DILUTION BUFFER	CONCENTRATION
Stock	powder	Refer to lot	хххх
#1	Refer to lot	Refer to lot	50000 pg/ml
# 2	250µl of 1	250µl	25000 pg/ml
#3	250µl of 2	250µl	12500 pg/ml
#4	250µl of 3	250µl	6250 pg/ml
# 5	250µl of 4	250µl	3125 pg/ml
#6	250µl of 5	250µl	1562.5 pg/ml
#7	250µl of 6	250µl	781.25 pg/ml
#8	250µl of 7	250µl	390.6 pg/ml

**Positive Control** - Reconstitute the Positive Control with refer to lot of Dilution Buffer to prepare working solution.

**Detection Antibody Concentrate** - Reconstitute the Detection Antibody Concentrate with refer to lot of **Dilution Buffer** to produce a 10-fold concentrated stock solution. Pipette 9.45 mL of **Dilution Buffer** into a 15 mL centrifuge tube and transfer 1.05 mL of 10-fold concentrated stock solution to prepare working solution.

**Streptavidin-HRP Conjugate** - Transfer 120  $\mu$ l of 100fold concentrated Streptavidin-HRP conjugate stock solution to 11.88 mL of **Dilution Buffer** to prepare working solution. *Note:* 1x working solution of Streptavidin HRP Conjugate should be used within a few hours (protect from light).

# **ELISA PROTOCOL**

Bring all reagents and samples to room temperature before the start of the assay. Blank, standard dilutions, positive control and samples should be assayed in duplicate. ELISA Protocol may need further optimization.

- 1. Prepare all reagents and working standards as directed in the previous sections.
- 2. Remove excess microplate strips from the plate frame, return them to the plastic pouch with the desiccant pack.
- 3. Add 100  $\mu\text{L}$  per well of Dilution Buffer to Blank wells.
- Add 100 μL of Standard dilutions in reverse order of serial dilution, samples or positive control per well. Cover with plate sealer. Incubate for 2 hours on microplate shaker at room temperature.
- 5. Aspirate each well and wash, repeating the process three times for a total of four washes. Wash by filling each well with 1x Wash Buffer (300 μL) using a squirt bottle, manifold dispenser, or autowasher. Complete removal of liquid at each step is essential to good performance. After the last wash, remove any remaining Wash Buffer by aspirating or decanting. Invert the plate and blot it against clean paper towels.
- Add 100 μL of Detection Antibody working solution to each well. Cover with plate sealer. Incubate for 2 hours on microplate shaker at room temperature.
- 7. Repeat the aspiration/wash as in step 5.
- 8. Add 100  $\mu$ L of Streptavidin-HRP Conjugate working solution to each well. Incubate for 60 minutes on microplate shaker at room temperature. **Protect from light.**
- 9. Repeat the aspiration/wash as in step 5.
- Add 100 μL of Substrate Solution to each well. Incubate for refer to lot on microplate shaker at room temperature. Protect from light.
- 11. Add 100  $\mu$ L of Stop Solution to each well. The color in the wells should change from blue to yellow. If the color in the wells is green, or if the color change does not appear uniform, gently tap the plate to ensure thorough mixing.
- 12. Determine the optical density of each well within 5 minutes, using a microplate reader set to 450 nm.

#### CALCULATION OF RESULTS

Average the duplicate readings for each standard, positive control and sample, and subtract the average zero standard optical density. Create a standard curve by reducing the data using computer software capable of generating a log-log or 4parameter curve fit. As an alternative, construct a standard curve by plotting the mean absorbance for each standard on the y-axis against the concentration on the x-axis and draw a best fit curve through the points on the graph. The data may be linearized by plotting the log of the Gelsolin concentrations versus the log of the O.D. and the best fit line can be determined by regression analysis. This procedure will produce an adequate but less precise fit of the data.

If samples have been diluted, the concentration read from the standard curve must be multiplied by the dilution factor.

Calculation of samples with a concentration exceeding that of standard 50,000 pg/ml may result in inaccurate, low human Gelsolin levels. Such samples require further external predilution according to expected human Gelsolin values with Dilution Buffer in order to precisely quantify the actual human Gelsolin level.

#### SPECIFICITY

PROTEIN NAME	CROSS-REACTIVITY	
Human Soluble Gelsolin	100%	
Human S100A6	0	
Human CRP	0	
Human Fetuin A	0	

## **TYPICAL DATA**

This standard curve is provided for demonstration only. A new standard curve should be generated for each set of samples assayed.

STANDARD (PG/ML)	AVERAGE OD450 (CORRECTED)	
Blank	0 (refer to lot)	
390	0.71	
781.25	0.122	
1562.5	0.218	
3125	0.441	
6250	0.801	
12500	1.204	
25000	1.527	
50000	1.795	

## LINEARITY

To assess the linearity of the assay, pooled human EDTA plasma samples were diluted with Dilution Buffer (DB40) and assayed.

DILUTION FACTOR	ASSAYED (NG/ML)	FINAL (UG/ML)	RECOVERY (%)
5000 x	23.905	119.524	100
10000 x	12.320	123.203	103

To assess the linearity of the assay, pooled human serum samples were diluted with Dilution Buffer (DB40) and assayed.

DILUTION FACTOR	ASSAYED (NG/ML)	FINAL (UG/ML)	RECOVERY (%)
5000 x	21.308	106.540	100
10000 x	11.072	110.720	104

# SUMMARY OF ASSAY PROCEDURE

