# **MOUSE RESISTIN ELISA KIT**

FOR THE QUANTITATIVE DETERMINATION OF MOUSE RESISTIN CONCENTRATIONS IN CELL CULTURE SUPERNATES, SERUM, AND PLASMA



# **PURCHASE INFORMATION:**

ELISA NAME	MOUSE RESISTIN ELISA
Catalog No.	SK00100-03
Lot No.	
Formulation	96 T
Standard Range	15.6-1000 pg/mL
Sensitivity	3.9 pg/mL
Sample Volume	100 μΙ
Dilution Factor	10 (Optimal dilutions should be determined by each laboratory for each application)
Sample Type	Serum, EDTA Plasma, Cell Culture Supernates
Specificity	Mouse RESISTIN
Intra-assay Precision	4 - 8%
Inter-assay Precision	8 - 12%
Storage	2°C - 8°C

FOR RESEARCH USE ONLY. NOT FOR USE IN DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURES.

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### **INTRODUCTION**

Mouse RESISTIN immunoassay is a 3.5 - 4.5 hour solid phase ELISA designed to measure mouse RESISTIN in cell culture supernates, serum, and plasma. It contains recombinant mouse RESISTIN and antibodies raised against this protein. It has been shown to accurately quantify recombinant mouse RESISTIN. Results obtained with naturally occurring RESISTIN samples showed linear curves that were parallel to the standard curves obtained using the kit standards. These results indicate that the immunoassay kit can be used to determine relative mass values for natural mouse RESISTIN.

#### PRINCIPLE OF THE ASSAY

This assay employs the quantitative sandwich enzyme immunoassay technique. A monoclonal antibody specific for RESISTIN has been pre-coated onto a microplate. Standards and samples are pipetted into the wells and any RESISTIN present is bound by the immobilized antibody. After washing away any unbound substances, a biotinylated polyclonal antibody specific for RESISTIN is added to the wells. Following a wash to remove any unbound antibody-biotin reagent, HRP link Streptavidin is added to the wells. After washing away any unbound enzyme, a substrate solution is added to the wells and color develops in proportion to the amount of RESISTIN bound in the initial step. The color development is stopped and the intensity of the color is measured.

### LIMITATIONS OF THE PROCEDURE

- \_ FOR RESEARCH USE ONLY. NOT FOR USE IN DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURES.
- \_ The kit should not be used beyond the expiration date on the kit label.
- \_ Do not mix or substitute reagents with those from other lots or sources.
- \_ It is important that the Dilution Buffer selected for the standard curve be consistent with the samples being assayed.
- \_ If samples generate values higher than the highest standard, dilute the samples with Dilution Buffer and repeat the assay.
- \_ Any variation in standard diluent, operator, pipetting technique, washing technique, incubation time or temperature, and kit age can cause variation in binding.
- \_ This assay is designed to eliminate interference by soluble receptors, binding proteins, and other factors present in biological samples. Until all factors

have been tested in the immunoassay, the possibility of interference cannot be excluded.

# **MATERIALS PROVIDED**

Description	Code	Quantity
Resistin Microplate - 96 well polystyrene microplate (12 strips of 8 wells) coated with a monoclonal antibody against RESISTIN	100-03-01	1 plate
RESISTIN Standard – 1000 pg/vial of recombinant mouse RESISTIN in a buffered protein base with preservatives; lyophilized	100-03-02	1 vial
Detection Antibody Concentrate – 105 μL/vial, 100-fold concentrated of biotinylated polyclonal antibody against RESISTIN with preservatives; lyophilized.	100-03-03	1 vial
Positive Control – one vial of recombinant mouse RESISTIN, lyophilized	100-03-04	1 vial
Streptavidin-HRP Conjugate - 120 ul/vial, 100- fold concentrated solution of Streptavidin conjugate to HRP with preservatives	SAHRP	1 vial
<b>Dilution Buffer</b> - 60mL of buffered protein based solution with preservatives	DB01	1 bottle
HRP Diluent Solution — 12mL of buffered protein based solution with preservatives	DB08	1 bottle
Wash Buffer - 50 mL of 10- fold concentrated buffered surfactant, with preservative	WB01	1 bottle
TMB Substrate Solution - 11 mL of TMB substrate solution	TMB01	1 bottle
Stop Solution - 11mL of 0.5M HCl	S-STOP	1 bottle
Plate Sealer	EAPS	1

# **STORAGE**

**Unopened Kit:** Store at 2 - 8° C for up to 6 months. For longer storage, unopened Standard, Positive Control and Detection Antibody Concentrate should be stored at -20 or -70°C. Do not use kit past expiration date.

Opened / Reconstituted Reagents: Reconstituted Standard and Detection Antibody Concentrate Solution SHOULD BE STORED at -20°C or -70°C for up to one month. Streptavidin-HRP Conjugate 100-fold Concentrate and other components may be stored at 2 - 8°C for up to 6 months.

**Microplate Wells:** Return unused wells to the plastic pouch containing the desiccant pack, reseal along entire edge of zip-seal. Microplate may be stored for up to 6 months at 2 - 8°C.

# **OTHER SUPPLIES REQUIRED**

- Microplate reader capable of measuring absorbance at 450 nm, with the correction wavelength set at 540 nm or 570 nm.
- Microplate shaker (250-300rpm).
- Pipettes and pipette tips.
- Deionized or distilled water.
- Squirt bottle, manifold dispenser, or automated microplate washer.
- 100 mL and 500 mL graduated cylinders.

### SAMPLE COLLECTION AND STORAGE

**Cell Culture Supernates** - Remove particulates by centrifugation and assay immediately or aliquot and store samples at ≤-20° C. Avoid repeated freezethaw cycles.

**Serum** - Use a serum separator tube (SST) and allow samples to clot for 30 minutes before centrifugation for 15 minutes at  $1000 \times g$ . Remove serum and assay immediately or aliquot and store samples at  $\leq$  -20° C. Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.

Plasma - Collect plasma using EDTA, heparin, or citrate as an anticoagulant. Centrifuge for 15 minutes at 1000 x g within 30 minutes of collection. Assay immediately or aliquot and store samples at ≤-20° C. Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.

Note: Use Aprotinin (enzyme inhibitor) (Code No.: 00700-01-25) for ALL sample collection to prevent sample degradation. 0.5 TIU per ml of sample solution.

# **SAMPLE PREPARATION**

Serum and plasma samples require a 10-fold dilution. A suggested 10-fold dilution is 25  $\mu L$  sample + 225  $\mu L$  Dilution Buffer.

Optimal dilutions should be determined by each laboratory for each application.
Use polypropylene test tubes.

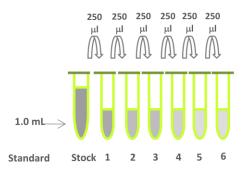
#### REAGENT PREPARATION

Bring all reagents to room temperature before use.

Wash Buffer - If crystals have formed in the concentrate, warm to room temperature and mix gently until the crystals have completely dissolved. Dilute 50 mL of Wash Buffer Concentrate into deionized or distilled water (450 mL) to prepare 500 mL of Wash Buffer.

**RESISTIN Standard - Refer to vial label for reconstitution volume.** Reconstitute the **RESISTIN** standard with 1.0 mL of Dilution Buffer. This reconstitution produces a stock solution of 1000 pg/mL. Allow the standard to sit for a minimum of 15 minutes with gentle agitation prior to making dilutions. Pipette  $250\mu$ L of Dilution Buffer into tubes #1 to #6. Use the stock solution to produce a dilution series (below). Mix each tube thoroughly before the next transfer. The 1000 pg/mL standard serves as the high standard. The Dilution Buffer serves as the zero standard (0 pg/mL).

Tube	Standard	Dilution Buffer	Concentration
Stock	Powder	1000 μΙ	1000 pg/ml
#1	250 μl of stock	250 µl	500 pg/ml
# 2	250 μl of 1	250 µl	250 pg/ml
#3	250 μl of 2	250 µl	125 pg/ml
# 4	250 μl of 3	250 µl	62.5 pg/ml
# 5	250 μl of 4	250 μΙ	31.25 pg/ml
# 6	250 μl of 5	250 µl	15.6 pg/ml



Concentration 1000 500 250 125 62.5 31.2 15.6 pg/ml

**Detection Antibody** - Reconstitute the **Detection Antibody Concentrate** with 105  $\mu$ L of Dilution Buffer to produce a 100-fold concentrated stock solution. Pipette 10.395 mL of Dilution Buffer into a 15 mL centrifuge tube and transfer 105  $\mu$ L of 100-fold concentrated stock solution to prepare working solution.

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Streptavidin-HRP Conjugate - Pipette 11.88 mL of HRP Diluent Solution (DB08) into a 15 mL centrifuge tube and transfer 120  $\mu$ L of 100-fold concentrated stock solution to prepare working solution. **Note:** 1x working solution of streptavidin-HRP conjugate should be used within a few days.

**Positive Control** - Reconstitute the **Positive Control** with 1.0 mL of Dilution Buffer. **Note:** Positive Control should be prepared and used immediately.

# **ASSAY PROCEDURE**

Bring all reagents and samples to room temperature before use. It is recommended that blank, standards, positive control and samples be assayed in duplicates.

- 1. Prepare all reagents and working standards as directed in the previous sections.
- 2. Remove excess micro-plate strips from the plate frame, return them to the plastic pouch containing the desiccant pack, reseal.
- 3. Add 100  $\mu L$  of **Dilution Buffer** to Blank wells (A2, A3).
- 4. Add 100 μL of **Standard** (B2, B3 to G2, G3 and G4, G5), **sample**, or **control** (F4, F5) per well. Cover with plate sealer. Incubate for 2 hours on microplate shaker at room temperature. A plate layout is provided to record standards and samples assayed.
- 5. Aspirate each well and wash, repeating the process three times for a total of four washes. Wash by filling each well with Wash Buffer (300  $\mu L$ ) using a squirt bottle, manifold dispenser, or autowasher. Complete removal of liquid at each step is essential to good performance. After the last wash, remove any remaining Wash Buffer by aspirating or decanting. Invert the plate and blot it against clean paper towels.
- 6. Add 100 µL of **Detection Antibody working** solution to each well. Cover with sealer. Incubate for 2 hours on micro-plate shaker at room temperature.
- 7. Repeat the aspiration/wash as in step 5.
- Add 100 μL of Streptavidin-HRP Conjugate working solution to each well. Incubate for 45 minutes on micro-plate shaker at room temperature. Protect from light.
- 9. Repeat the aspiration/wash as in step 5.
- 10. Add 100  $\mu L$  of **Substrate Solution** to each well. Incubate for 5-10 minutes at room temperature. **Protect from light.**

- 11. Add 100  $\mu$ L of **Stop Solution** to each well. The color in the wells should change from blue to yellow. If the color in the wells is green, or if the color change does not appear uniform, gently tap the plate to ensure thorough mixing.
- Determine the optical density of each well within
   minutes, using a micro-plate reader set to 450

#### CALCULATION OF RESULTS

Average the duplicate readings for each standard, positive control, and sample and subtract the average zero standard optical density. Create a standard curve by reducing the data using computer software capable of generating a log-log curve fit. As an alternative, construct a standard curve by plotting the mean absorbance for each standard on the y-axis against the concentration on the x-axis and draw a best fit curve through the points on the graph. The data may be linearized by plotting the log of the RESISTIN concentrations versus the log of the O.D. and the best fit line can be determined by regression analysis. This procedure will produce an adequate but less precise fit of the data.

If samples have been diluted, the concentration read from the standard curve must be multiplied by the dilution factor.

## **CALIBRATION**

This immunoassay is calibrated against a highly purified *E. Coli*-expressed recombinant mouse RESISTIN.

### **SPECIFICITY**

This assay recognizes both natural and recombinant mouse RESISTIN. The factors listed below were prepared at 50 ng/mL in Dilution Buffer, and assayed for cross reactivity. Preparations of the following factors at 50 ng/mL in a mid-range rm RESISTIN control were assayed for interference. No significant cross-reactivity or interference was observed.

PROTEIN NAME	CROSS-REACTIVITY
Mouse Resistin	100%
Mouse RELM-α	0
Mouse gAdiponectin	0
Mouse gCTRP <sub>9</sub>	0
Human RELM-β	0
Human Resistin	0

### **TYPICAL DATA**

This standard curve is provided for demonstration only. A standard curve should be generated for each set of samples assayed.

Standard (pg/mL)	Average OD450 (Corrected)
Blank	0 (0.079)
15.625	0.057
31.25	0.110
62.5	0.201
125	0.389
250	0.732
500	1.380
1000	2.426

• Lot No.:

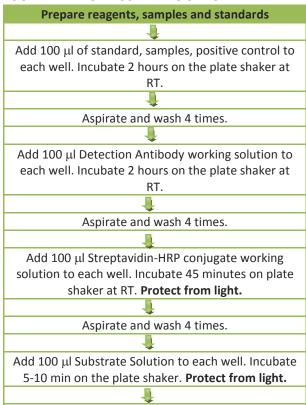
• Positive Control: 70 – 130 pg/mL

# **LINEARITY**

To assess the linearity of the assay, pooled research mouse plasma samples were diluted with Dilution Buffer and assayed.

Dilution	Assayed	Final	Recovery
Factor	(pg/mL)	(pg/mL)	(%)
10 X	112.080	1120.8	100
20 X	37.776	755.52	67.4

### SUMMARY OF ASSAY PROCEDURE



Add 100  $\mu$ l Stop Solution to each well. Read 450nm within 15 min